कुल मुद्रित पृष्ठ संख्या / Total No. of printed pages: 9



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था

Atomic Energy Education Society

वार्षिक परीक्षा / Annual Examination 2024-25

कक्षा / Class : VII

अवधि / Duration : 3 Hrs

विषय / Subject : ENGLISH

अधिकतम अंक / Maximum Marks: 80

सामान्य निर्देश / General Instructions:

i) This paper is divided into four sections.

SECTION - A: READING

20 MARKS

SECTION - B: WRITING

20 MARKS

SECTION - C: GRAMMAR

15 MARKS

SECTION - D: LITERATURE

25 MARKS

- ii) All questions are compulsory.
- iii) Separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary. Read these instructions very carefully and follow them. You may attempt one section at a time.
- iv) All questions of that particular section should be attempted in the correct order. Do not exceed the prescribed word limit while answering the question.
- v) Marks are mentioned for each question against it.

SECTION A - READING (20 MARKS)

Q1. Read the passage given below.

Walter Elias "Walt" Disney was born on December 5, 1901, in Hermosa, Illinois. He lived most of his childhood in Marceline, Missouri, where he began drawing, painting and selling pictures to neighbours and family friends. Disney attended McKinley High School in Chicago, where he took drawing and photography classes and was a contributing cartoonist for the school paper. At night, he took courses at the Chicago Art Institute.

When Disney was 16, he dropped out of school to join the army but was rejected for being underage. Instead, he joined the Red Cross and was sent to France for a year to drive an ambulance. When Disney returned from France in 1919, he moved back to Kansas City to pursue a career as a newspaper artist. His brother Roy got him a job at the Postmen-Rubin Art Studio, where he met cartoonist Ubbe Ert Iwerks, better known as Ub Iwerks. From there, Disney worked at the Kansas City Film Ad Company, where he made commercials based on cut out animation. Around this time, Disney began experimenting with a camera, doing hand-drawn cell animation and decided to open his own animation business. From the ad company, he recruited Fred Harman as his first employee.

Wait and Harman made a deal with a local Kansas City theatre to screen their cartoons, which they called Laugh-O-Grams. The cartoons were hugely popular, and Disney was able to acquire his own studio, upon which he bestowed the same name. Laugh-O-Gram hired a number of employees, including Harman's brother Hugh and Iwerks. They did a series of seven-minute fairy tales that combined both live action and animation, which they called Alice in Cartoonland. By 1923, however, the studio had become burdened with debt, and Disney was forced to declare bankruptcy.

Disney and his brother, Roy, soon pooled their money and moved to Hollywood. Iwerks also relocated to California, and there the three began the Disney Brothers' Studio. Their first deal was with New York distributor Margaret Winkler, to distribute their Alice cartoons. They also invented a character called Oswald the Lucky Rabbit and contracted the shorts at 1,500 each.

Based on the reading of the above passage, answer the following questions. (1 \times 8 = 8M)

- (a) What did Walt Disney learn in his childhood?
- (i) drawing

- (ii) painting
- (iii) selling pictures to neighbours and family friends
- (iv) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (b) Why was Walt not selected in the army?
- (i) He was underage

(ii) He did not work hard

(iii) He was not qualified

- (iv) None of these
- (c) Walt Disney dropped out of school at the age of

Page 2 of 9

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(i) 14 (ii) 15		(iii) 16	(iv) 17
(d) Walter Elias "Walt"	' Disney was b	oorn on	
(i) December 5, 1901		(ii) December 6, 1901	
(iii) December 7, 1901		(iv) December 8, 1901	
(e) The 'past participle	e' form of the	word "began" in the first	para is
(i) begin	(ii) begun	(iii) began	(iv) begins
(f) The synonym of the	word "popula	r" in the passage is	
(i) interesting (i	ii) famous	(iii) active	(iv) dedicated
(g) Disney worked at th	ne Kansas City	Film Ad Company when	re he
(i) He made commercial	s based on cut	out animation.	
(ii) He did not make con	nmercials based	d on cut out animation	
(iii) He made commercia	als based on an	imation	
(iv) None of these			
(b) Why did Walt Disn	ev move back	to Kansas City?	

. .

(iii) To pursue career as a doctor

(i) To pursue a career as a newspaper artist

(iv) To pursue career as a theatre artist

(ii) To pursue career as a musician

Q2. Read the passage given below.

Physical health affects the mind and vice-versa. Which of the two is the more important is like asking the age-old question: what comes first, the chicken or the egg. For our present subject, let us be clear that a sound mind in a sound body is prerequisite for high efficiency and good quality work in the office, factory or field, which lead to a sense of achievement and fulfilment.

Our health is, of course, important not only to us but also to our families and even to our employers. No wonder that companies everywhere have a share in the health and fitness of their employees and are willing to spend considerable money towards this purpose. Japanese companies particularly excel in this and the more successful among them start off the day

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with a body bending and stretching session and even singing the company song designed to promote loyalty and motivation among the employees! This is considered an important factor contributing to high output and quality. Here is a lesson which has been imitated elsewhere in the world and could work wonders in India. It is estimated that some 20,000 American firms have established in-house health clubs. Typical of these is the soft drink manufacturer Pepsi Cola which has spent about \$2 million in setting up a health club at its head office in New York State. Such expenditure has proved to be a wise investment in achieving better efficiency and higher productivity. It has, indirectly, also helped reduce the premium on the health insurance of its staff. This business has grown so large that hundreds of consultancies have sprung up for the management of health clubs and fitness centres. In some cases, there is a nominal contribution by the employees on the condition that they will value and use the facilities all the more. Some insurance companies have teamed up with employers in such ventures as better health contributes to a longer life and hence more premium! Though many companies in India have generous medical schemes, the movement towards health clubs and the like is yet to gain momentum.

2.1 Based on the reading of the above passage, answer the following questions. (1x4=4)

(a)	Our	health	is	important	to
-------------	-----	--------	----	-----------	----

(i) us (ii) families

(iii) employers

(iv) (i), (ii) and (iii)

(b) Insurance companies are concerned about earning

(i) more premium

(ii) more popularity

(iii) more taxes

(iv) more reviews

(c) The word "generous" in the passage means

(i) honest

(ii) liberal

(iii) difficult

(iv) strong

(d) The adjective of "loyalty" in the passage is

(i) loyal

(ii) loyalness

(iii) loyalty

(iv) none of these

2.2 Answer the following questions in about 20-30 Words.

 $(2 \times 4 = 8)$

(a) How do successful companies motivate their employees to maintain good health?

(b) Why has Pepsi Cola spent about \$2 million in setting up a health club at its head office in New York State?

Page 4 of 9

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- (c) What do you understand by "sound mind in a sound body"?
- (d) How is an individual's health important for his or her family?

SECTION B - WRITING (20 MARKS)

Q3. Read the following information about Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose given below and write a bio-sketch highlighting his achievements. (50 Words) (5M)

Name: Subhash Chandra Bose; Netaji Contribution: Immense, freedom fighter

Born: 23rd January, 1897 in Cuttack, Orišsa.

Career: Civil services

Achievements: Joined freedom struggle; established Indian National Army

Motto: "Give me blood and I will give you freedom."

Death: Air crash over Taipei, Taiwan (Formosa) on 18th August, 1945

OR

Read the following conversation carefully. As Rehana is going to her dance classes, she needs to reproduce the message for Roma. Write the message on her behalf with every detail. (50 Words) (5 M)

Rosy: Hello! is it 9035022565?

Rehana: Yes, please. Who's it there?

Rosy: I'm Rosy, a friend of Roma. Where is she?

Rehana: Oh! Sorry. Actually she has forgotten her mobile here. She has gone to the market.

Can I help you, please?

Rosy: Oh, sure. In fact, I wanted to convey her that today's music class remains suspended because the teacher is not well. Instead it will be held on Sunday. So, she should remember it.

Could you please pass this message to her?

Rehana: Oh! Sure. Thank you.

Page 5 of 9

	eted.
Rosy: Thank you too.	II. Do as directed.
Q4. Write a paragraph on any one of the following topics. (100 Words) (7M)	If. s. After appropri
	(a), stiller.
(i) Importance of Reading Newspapers	W AK
(ii) A Scene at a Railway Station	, KO
(iii) Your Favourite Sportsperson	
OR	
Write a letter to your Uncle thanking him for a present sent to you on your birthday.	
(100 Words) (7M)	1
Should be a second of the first of the second of the secon	\sim
Q5. Develop a readable story from the given outline and assign a suitable title along	
with a moral. (120 Words) (8M)	
Elephant in a village went for a bath to the river every day passed	a
tailor's shop tailor gave him something to eat one day tailor has a	- , ,
fight with a customer pricks elephant's trunk with a needle instead of giving him	n
food elephant fills water in his trunk spoils tailor's stitched clother	9
tailor sorry moral.	
SECTION C - GRAMMAR (15 MARKS)	
Q6. The following passage has not been edited. There is one error in each line. Write th	e)
ncorrect word and the correction against the correct blank number. $(1/2 \times 6 = 3 \text{ M})$	
INCORRECT CORRECT	
Popcorn is a type of corn who expands from the kernel (a)	
and puffs up when heated. When heated pressure build (b)	
within the kernel, an small explosion or pop is the (c)	
end result. There are various techniques off popping com. (d)	
There is various flavours available in the market. (e)	
Children loves to eat popcorn. (f)	

Page **6** of **9**

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Q7. Do as directed.	$(1 \times 4 = 4 M)$
(a) After a very long spell of heat, the weather is up' appropriately to fill in the blank) (1)	
(b) NATURE, BENCH (In each of the two words or representing the consonant 'ch' sound as in 'chair'	on the left, underline the letters $(1/2 \times 2 = 1)$
(c) Write the antonym 'BRAVE'. (1)	
(d) Make a meaningful sentence using the phrase '	the bat tipped the ball'. (1)
Q8. Rearrange the following jumbled words to	make meaningful sentences. (1 x 4 = 4 M)
(a) was / performance / impressed / with / quite / h	is/I
(b) fit and fine / necessary/ games/ are/ keep/ to/ th	e/ body
(c) the / problem / bags / heavy / carrying / had / th	ey / in
(d) should / you / have / coming / seen / this	
Q9. Complete the following dialogue between a the blanks selecting the most suitable option.	customer and a shopkeeper by filling in $(1 \times 4 = 4M)$
Customer: I want some sugar. Shopkeeper: (i)	
Customer: I need 2 kilograms.	
Shopkeeper: I'm sorry, (ii) in	the stock.
Customer: Then give me a little less.	
Shopkeeper: (iii) left.	
Customer: Give me as much as you can. By the w	ray, (iv)?
Shopkeeper: Just 350 rupees please.	
(i) How much are you needing? / How much do you more do you need?	ou need? / How much did you need? / How
(ii) I don't have less / am not having any / didn't h	ave so much / I don't have so much

Page **7** of **9**

- (iii) There is hardly half a kilogram / There was hardly half a kilogram / There were hardly half a kilogram / There will be hardly half a kilogram
- (iv) How much money will I charge? / How much money did you charge? / How much money will you charge? / How much money had you charged?

SECTION D - LITERATURE (25 MARKS)

Q10. Read the stanza below carefully and answer the questions that follow. (1 x 4 = 4M)

"So when he wiggles in the grass
I'll stand aside and watch him pass
And tell myself, "There's no mistake
It's just a harmless garden snake!"

- (a) Name the poet.
- (b) Mention the word referring to the snake's movement in the above lines. .
- (c) How did the speaker convince himself?
- (d) Give antonym of "harmless".

Q11. Read the paragraph below carefully and answer the questions that follow. (1x4 = 4)

""Dey get id all," he said, "dey get id by advertisement, nod by work. Dey take id away from us, who lofe our boods. Id gomes to dis—bresently I haf no work. Every year id gets less. You will see." And looking at his lined face I saw things I had never noticed before, bitter things and bitter struggle and what a lot of grey hairs there seemed suddenly in his red beard!

- (a) Name the story.
- (b) Who is the speaker of the line- "And looking at his lined face I saw things I had never noticed before"?
- (c) What is the speaker trying to say in the line "dey get id by advertisement, nod by work"?
- (d) What is the actual word for "lofe" in English?

Q12. Answer any four of the following questions in about 30-40 Words each. $(2 \times 4=8)$

- (a) What happens to the volunteer who swallows four drops of the new invention? What is the name of the invention?
- (b) What was the effect on Mr. Gessler of the author's remark about a certain pair of boots?

Page 8 of 9

Who does Maya say the Matical Who does Maya say the Matical Ma

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- Dardly
- (c) Who does Maya say the Sunday visitor is?
- (d) Where is the National War Memorial located and what is its significance?
- (e) Discuss the different types of meadow houses mentioned in the poem 'Meadow Surprises'.
- Q13. Answer <u>any two</u> of the following questions in about 30 40 Words each. $(2 \times 2 4)$
- (a) What was Grandmother's prophecy about the cook? Did it come true?
- (b) Why was the bear looking sorry for himself in the evening?
- (c) Why did Tilloo's father advise him not to try to reach the surface of the planet?
- Q14. Answer any one of the following questions in about 70 80 Words each. (5 M)

Explain how overconfidence can lead to a humorous situation and land someone in a tight spot with reference to the poem 'Dad and The Cat and the Tree'.

OR

'Freedom is life'. Explain this statement with reference to the lesson 'Chandni'.



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Atomic Energy Education Society

वार्षिक परीक्षा / Annual Examination 2024-25

कक्षा /Class : VII (सातवीं)

अवधि/Duration: 3 घंटे

विषय /Subject: हिन्दी

अधिकतम अंक/Maximum Marks : 80

सामान्य निर्देश / General Instructions:

1. इस प्रश्न पत्र में क, ख, ग और घ चार खंड हैं। चारों खंडों के उत्तर उनके निर्देशानुसार दीजिए ।

2. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है। सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर सही और सुंदर लेख में दीजिए।

3. खंड क और ख के सभी प्रश्न बहुविकल्पीय हैं। जो एक-एक अंक के हैं।

4. सभी प्रश्नों के सामने उनके अंक विभाजित किए गए हैं।

5. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर यथासंभव सही क्रम से दें।

खंड - (क) अपठित बोध

प्रश्न 1. नीचे दिए गए अपठित गद्यांश को ध्यान से पढ़कर पूछे गए बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प चुनकर उत्तर दीजिए। (7X 1 =7)

"एक छोटे से गाँव में एक लड़की रहती थी जिसका नाम राधा था। राधा का सपना था कि वह बड़ी होकर एक डॉक्टर बने और गरीबों का इलाज करे। उसका दिल बहुत अच्छा था और वह हमेशा दूसरों की मदद करने के लिए तैयार रहती थी। वह दिन रात कड़ी मेहनत करती और अपनी पढ़ाई में ध्यान देती। राधा को किताबों में बहुत रुचि थी और वह हमेशा नई-नई जानकारी प्राप्त करने की कोशिश करती। गाँव में एक बार बुखार और अन्य बीमारियों का प्रकोप हुआ। राधा ने बिना घबराए गाँव वालों की मदद करने की ठानी। उसने अपने छोटे से ज्ञान के आधार पर कुछ उपचार किए और कई लोगों की मदद की। उसकी मेहनत और समझदारी को देख गाँव वाले बहुत प्रभावित हुए और उन्होंने राधा की सराहना की। राधा ने साबित कर दिया कि अगर किसी के पास सही मार्गदर्शन और नेक दिल हो, तो वह बड़ी से बड़ी मुश्किल को भी आसान बना सकता है। राधा की कहानी ने गाँव के बच्चों को प्रेरित किया और वे भी अपने सपनों को साकार करने की कोशिश करने लगे।"

(i) राधा का स्वभाव कैसा था?

(क) उदास

(ख) अच्छा और मददगार

(ग) गुस्सैल

(घ) आलसी

पृष्ठ 1/8

(ii) राधा का गाँव किस समस्या से जूझ रहा था?

(क) सुखा (ख) बाद्ध

(ग) बुखार और अन्य बीमारियाँ

(घ) आंधी

(iii) राधा का सपना क्या था?

(क) डॉक्टर बनना

(ख) अध्यापिका बनना

(ग) किसान बनना

(घ) इंजीनियर बनना

(iv) राधा ने गाँव वालों की मदद किस प्रकार की?

(क) खाना वितरित किया

(ख) उपचार किया

(ग) घरों की मरम्मत की

(घ) पानी बांटा

(v) राधा के गाँव वाले उसकी किस बात से प्रभावित हुए?

(क) उसकी मेहनत और समझदारी

(ख) उसकी पढ़ाई

(ग) उसके अच्छे स्वभाव से

(घ) उसके खेल प्रदर्शन से

(vi) राधा की कहानी ने गाँव के बच्चों को क्या प्रेरणा दी?

(क) खेल में भाग लेने की

(ख) मेहनत करने और अपने सपनों को पूरा करने की

(ग) हमेशा खुश रहने की

(घ) दूसरों की मदद करने की

(vii) राधा ने क्या साबित किया?

(क) मेहनत से सफलता मिलती है

(ख) नेक दिल और मार्ग दर्शन से मुश्किलें आसान हो सकती हैं

(ग) केवल पढ़ाई से सफलता मिलती है

(घ) अच्छे लोग हमेशा खुश रहते हैं

प्रश्न 2. नीचे दिए गए अपठित पद्यांश को ध्यान से पढ़कर पूछे गए बहुविकल्पीय प्रश्नों के सही विकल्प (7X1 =7 अंक)

प्रकृति की सुंदरता में छिपा है जीवन का सार, हर पत्ता, हर फूल, हर ध्वनि, हर यार। नदी की लहरों में छुपे हैं हजारों राज़, वृक्षों के झुरमुट में बसते हैं अनमोल ताज। आसमान में तारे चमकते हैं जैसे आशीर्वाद,

पृष्ठ 2/8

बर्फीली हवाएँ भी करतीं हैं हर दिल को सुकून।
धरती पर बिखी हरी घास कहती है,
"सभी को प्रेम और शांति का आभास देती है।"
पक्षी गाते हैं संगीत जीवन का,
ध्विनयों में गूंजती है सच्ची मित्रता का।
प्राकृतिक संतुलन ही जीवन की शक्ति है,
यह हमें सिखाती है प्रेम और दया की गाथा।
हमें सिखाती है यह प्रकृति कि हर जीवन मूल्यवान है,
और हर जीव का अस्तित्व हमारे जीवन के लिए महत्वपूर्ण है।
आओ हम सब मिलकर इसे संजीवनी दें,
प्रकृति को बचाकर हम सबका कल्याण करें।

- (i) कविता में प्रकृति के किस पहलू की महिमा की गई है?
- (क) शांति
- (ख) सुंदरता और संतुलन
- (ग) संघर्ष
- (घ) भय

- (ii) कविता के अनुसार, धरती की हरी घास हमें क्या सिखाती है?
- (क) शांति और प्रेम

(ख) संघर्ष और जद्दोजहद

(ग) रचनात्मकता

- (घ) परिश्रम
- (iii) कविता में पक्षियों के गाने को किस से जोड़कर बताया गया है?
- (क) प्रेम से

(ख) जीवन के संघर्ष से

(ग) खामोशी से

- (घ) जीवन के संगीत से
- (iv) हमें प्रकृति जीवन के बारे में क्या सिखाती है?
- (क) हर जीवन बेकार है।

(ख) हमें आलसी रहना चाहिए।

(ग) हर जीवन मूल्यवान है।

(घ) जीवन बार-बार मिलता है।

पृष्ठ 3/8

(ख) हमें प्रकृति का संरक्षण करना चाहिए (घ) हमें प्रकृति से कोई फर्क नहीं पड़ता क क्या है? (ख) प्रकृति को नष्ट करना (घ) प्रकृति में बदलाव लाना
ब क्या है? (ख) प्रकृति को नष्ट करना (घ) प्रकृति में बदलाव लाना
(ख) प्रकृति को नष्ट करना (घ) प्रकृति में बदलाव लाना
(घ) प्रकृति में बदलाव लाना
त्या अर्थ है?
6 6 7
र्जा देता है
<u>वहारिक व्याकरण)</u> याकरणिक प्रश्नों का उत्तर निर्देशानुसार सही विक
(16x1= 16)
(10x1= 10)
र लिखिए -
ll) प्रमा + इत (IV) प्रमान + इत
न्र लिखिए -
ll) प्रथमा + इक (IV) प्रथम + इक
II) नीति (IV) नीती
बंधित नहीं हैं-
F

(।) गोल,	(॥) चौका,	(II) पासिंग,	(IV) बूट
5. 'माँ ने गरम-गरम	पकौड़े बनाए' वाक्य में रे	खांकित शब्द है-	
(I) संज्ञा पुनरुक्ति	(II) सर्वनाम पुनरुक्ति	(॥) विशेषण पुनरुक्ति	(IV) क्रिया पुनरुक्ति
6. 'सरकार ने गाँव-ग	ौंव में कुऐं खुदवाने का प्र	स्ताव जारीं किया' वाक	य में रेखांकित शब्द है-
(I) संज्ञा पुनरुक्ति	(II) सर्वनाम पुनरुक्ति	(III) विशेषण पुनरुक्ति	(IV) क्रिया पुनरुक्ति
7. निम्न में से किस श	ब्द में 'गंघ' शब्द का प्रयो	ग नहीं हुआ है -	
(I) सुगंध	(॥) दुर्गंध	(III) गंदुला	(IV) गंधहीन
8. निम्न में से किस श	ब्द में 'रंग' शब्द का प्रयो	ग नहीं हुआ है	
(I) रंगना	्(II) प्रसंग	(III) रंगीला ं	(IV) नौरंग
9. किस वाक्य में 'सी	ना-पिरोना' शब्द का सर्ह	ो प्रयोग किया गया है-	
(I) पिताजी ने पुरानी	पुस्तक सी-पिरो दी।	(II) हर लड़की को सीन्	ना-पिरोना आना चाहिए।
(॥) सीना-पिरोना स्व	गस्थ्य के लिए लाभदाय	क है। (IV) मोहन ने झग	ड़े में सोहन को सी-पिरो दिया।
10. किस वाक्य में 'क	हा-सुनी' शब्द का सही प्र	ायोग किया गया है-	
(I) मैंने जंगल में एक व	कहा-सुनी देखी।	(II) हर लड़के को कहा	-सुनी आनी चाहिए।
(III) मेरी रोहन के सा	थ कहा-सुनी हो गई।	(IV) कहा-सुनी करने र	से स्वास्थ्य अच्छा रहता है।
11. 'मेंढक पानी में	कूद गया' वाक्य पूरा व	तिजिए-	
(।) छप् से	(॥) टप् से	(III) सर्र से	(IV) सन् से
12. शोर होते ही चि	ड़ेया उड़ गई।		
(।) छप् से	(II) टप् से	(III) सर्र से	(IV) फुर्र से
13. 'नीलाभ' शब्द क	ा सही संधि विच्छेद है -		`

पृष्ठ 5/8

- (I) नीलू + आभ (II) नील + अभ (III) नील + आभ (IV) नीला + आमा
- 14. 'सिंह + आसन' का सही संधि रूप होगा-
- (I) सिंहासन (III) सिंहसन (IV) सिंघासन
- 15. 'गउवन के रखवारे' वाक्यांश के लिए एक शब्द होगा –
- (I) गोवर्धनधारी (II) गोसाईं (III) गोपाल (IV) कृष्ण
- 16. निम्न में से 'चन्द्रमा' शब्द का अन्य रूप क्या नहीं हो सकता है -
- (I) चकोर (II) चाँद, (III) चंद्र, (IV) चंदा

(खंड़ - ग : पठित बोध)

प्रश्न 4. दिए गए पठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर दीजिए। (2×3=6)

दानापुर और आरा की इस लड़ाई की ज्वाला बिहार में सर्वत्र व्याप्त हो गई थी, लेकिन देशी सैनिकों में अनुशासन की कमी, स्थानीय ज़मींदारों का अंग्रेजों के साथ सहयोग करना एवं आधुनिकतम शस्त्रों की कमी के कारण जगदीशपुर का पतन रोका न जा सका। 13 अगस्त को जगदीशपुर में कुँवर सिंह की सेना अंग्रेजों से परास्त हो गई। किंतु इससे वीरवर कुँवर सिंह का आत्मबल टूटा नहीं और वे भावी संग्राम की योजना बनाने में तत्पर हो गए। वे क्रांति के अन्य संचालक नेताओं से मिलकर इस आजादी की लड़ाई को आगे बढ़ाना चाहते थे। कुंवर सिंह सासाराम से मिर्जापुर होते हुए रीवा, कालपी, कानपुर एवं लखनऊ तक गए। लखनऊ में शांति नहीं थी इसलिए बाबू कुँवर सिंह ने आज़मगढ़ की ओर प्रस्थान किया। उन्होंने आज़ादी की इस आग को बराबर जलाए रखा। उनकी वीरता की कीर्ति पूरे उत्तर भारत में फैल गई। कुँवर सिंह की इस विजय यात्रा से अंग्रेजों के होश उड़ गए।

- जगदीशपुर के पतन का प्रमुख कारण क्या था?
- दानापुर और आरा की लड़ाई का क्या परिणाम हुआ?
- III. लखनऊ से कुँवर सिंह ने कहाँ प्रस्थान किया?

प्रश्न संख्या-5 निम्नलिखित में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए - (2X4=8)

पृष्ठ 6/8

- I. खानपान की मिश्रित संस्कृति से लेखक का क्या मतलब है? अपने घर के उदाहरण देकर इसकी व्याख्या करें।
- II. जाली के बड़े घर में पहुँचने पर मोर के बच्चों का किस प्रकार स्वागत हुआ?
- III. हमारे यहाँ बहुत से काम लोग खुद नहीं करके किसी पेशेवर कारीगर से करवाते हैं। गांधी जी छेनी, हथौड़े, बसूले क्यों खरीदना चाहते होंगे?
- IV. धनराज पिल्लै ने जमीन से उठकर आसमान का सितारा बनने तक की यात्रा तय की है। लगभग पचास शब्दों में इस सफ़र का वर्णन कीजिए।
- V. कुँवर सिंह को बचपन में किन कामों में मज़ा आता था? क्या उन्हें उन कामों से स्वतंत्रता सेनानी बनने में कुछ मदद मिली?

प्रश्न 6. निम्नलिखित पठित काव्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर संक्षिप्त में दीजिए। (2×3=6)

मैं झिझक उठा, हुआ बेचैन-सा, लाल होकर आँख भी दुखने लगी। मूँठ देने लोग कपड़े की लगे, ऐंडता बेचारी दबे पाँवों भागी। जब किसी ढब से निकल तिनका गया, तब 'समझ' ने यों मुझे ताने दिए। ऐंटता तू किसलिए इतना रहा, एक तिनका है बहुत तेरे लिए।

- (क) आँख में तिनका पड़ने के बाद घमंडी की क्या दशा हुई?
- (ख) कवि को किसने ताने दिए और क्यों?
- (ग) कवि अपने आपसे क्या प्रश्न करता है और क्यों?

प्रश्न 7. निम्नलिखित में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए-

 $(2 \times 3 = 6)$

- (क) रहीम ने क्वार मास में गरजने वाले बादलों की तुलना निर्धन व्यक्ति से क्यों की है जो पहले कभी धनी थे और बीती बातों को बताकर दूसरों को प्रभावित करना चाहते हैं? लिखिए।
- (ख) घमंडी की आँख से तिनका निकालने के लिए आसपास के लोगों ने क्या किया?
- (ग) मीरा को सावन मनभावन क्यों लगने लगा?
- (घ) 'भोर और बरखा' कविता के आधार पर ब्रज की भोर का वर्णन कीजिए।

पृष्ठ 7/8

प्रश्न -8 निम्नलिखित में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए -

 $(2 \times 3 = 6)$

- (क) कीचक कौन था और उसका वध किसने किया?
- (ख) अर्जुन ने क्या कहकर राजकन्या उतरा से विवाह करना मना कर दिया?
- (ग) अज्ञातवास की अवधि पूरी होने पर पांडव कहाँ रहने लगे?
- (घ) माता कुंती ने कर्ण को युद्ध में कौरवों का साथ न देने के लिए क्या कहा?
- (ड) पांडवों के पास कितनी अक्षौहिणी सेना थी?
- (च) कौरवों के पास कितनी अक्षौहिणी सेना थी?
- (छ) कर्ण ने कुंती को क्या वचन दिया था?

प्रश्न -9 निम्नलिखित में से किन्हीं दो प्रश्नों के उत्तर लिखिए-

(2x4=8)

- (क) माफ़ी माँगना मुश्किल होता है या माफ करना? अपने अनुभव के आधार पर लिखिए-
- (ख) सन 1857 में अगर आप 12 वर्ष के होते तो क्या करते? कल्पना करके लिखो –
- (ग) एक तिनका कविता हमें क्या संदेश देती है?
- (घ) रहीम के दोहों से मिलने वाली शिक्षाओं का उल्लेख कीजिए। अथवा रहीम के दोहों से क्या क्या संदेश मिलता है ?

(खंड़-घ: लेखन बोध)

प्रश्न 10. किसी पुस्तक विक्रेता से अपने लिए पुस्तकें मैंगवाने हेतु पत्र लिखिए।

(1x5=5)

अपनी दिनचर्या का वर्णन करते हुए अपने पिताजी को पत्र लिखिए।

प्रश्न 11. निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर अनुच्छेद लिखिए ।

(1x5=5)

- (i) विज्ञान के चमत्कार
- (ii) दीपावली

000

पृष्ठ 8/8



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था

Atomic Energy Education Society वार्षिक परीक्षा / Annual Examination 2024-25

कक्षा / Class : VII
विषय / Subject : MATHEMATICS अधिकतम अंक / Maximum Marks: 80

सामान्य निर्देश / General Instructions:

This Question Paper has 5 Sections A, B, C, D, and E.

- 2. Section A has 20 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) carrying 1 mark each.
- 3. Section B has 5 Short Answer-I (SA-I) type questions carrying 2 marks each.
- 4. Section C has 6 Short Answer-II (SA-II) type questions carrying 3 marks each.
- 5. Section D has 4 Long Answer (LA) type questions carrying 5 marks each.
- 6. Section E has 3 Case Based integrated units of assessment (4 marks each) with sub-parts.
- 7. All Questions are compulsory.
- 8. Draw neat figures wherever required. Take $\pi = 22/7$ wherever required if not stated.

S.No.	Questions		L. TEAT	- A day	A L.J.	Marks
1.	The same of the sa			to her savings is	4: 1. The percentage of	1M
	(a) 25%	(b)	20%	(c) 40%	(d) 80%	(8)
2.	0.07 is equal to	-	17.50			1M
	(a) 70%	(b)	0.7%	(c) 7%	(d) 0.07%	
3.		of arthur a		Rs.800. If the co	st is increased to Rs. 896,	1M
+	(a)10%	(b)	12%	(c) 15%	(d) 20%	y 1
4.	Which of the fo	llowi	ng rations	al numbers is equ	ivalent to $\frac{2}{3}$?	1M
Colling of the control of the colling of the collin	$(a)^{\frac{3}{2}}$	(b)	4 9	(c) $\frac{4}{6}$	$(d)\frac{9}{4}$	
					9)	ing the same

Page 1 of 7

5.	Which of the following rational numbers is in standard form?	1M
		3
	(a) $\frac{20}{30}$ (b) $\frac{10}{4}$ (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) $\frac{10}{-30}$	
5.	Which of the following rational numbers is equal to its reciprocal?	1M
	1 (8) 1	1
7.	$(6)^2$ (c) = (d) 0	
	Area of triangle is 100 cm ² . If altitude is 10 cm, then its base is	1M
3.	(b) 15 cm (c) 10 cm (d) 5 cm	77
,	The lengths of two sides of a big.	1M
		1 IVI
	(a)1 cm (b) 15 cm	
9.	Area of a circle with 4: (c) 16 cm (d) 12 cm	2.11 mm 184
	Area of a circle with diameter 'm' radius 'n' and circumference 'p' is (a) $2 \pi n$ (b) πm^2	1M
10.	The coefficient of π (b) π m ² (c) π p ² (d) π n ²	
	The coefficient of xy in $3x^2zy + 7xyz - 2z^2x$ is (a) $3z$	
11.	_ (b) 0	1M
	(u) /2	
10		1M
12.	Number of terms in the expression $3x^2y - 2y^2 - 3y = 3$	
	1 (d) 2	
13.	(b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5	1M
	(a) 10 ³	7
14.	(b) 104	1M
	$-100 \text{ or } (-1)^{10} \text{ is} $	
15	(a) -1 (b) 1	1)6
15.	The value of 7^0 is (c) 0 (d) 47	1M
	(a) 7	
16.	(b) 21 (c) 1 (d) 0	1M
	Identify the call 1	
	Identify the solid whose net is given below.	1M
		1141
	(a)Rectangular pyramid	1
	(c) Triangular prism (b) Rectangular Prism	
	(C) I riangular prism	1

Page 2 of 7

The The Table 1 and 1 an	
17.	1M
Count the number of cubes in the above solid (a)9 (b)12 (c) 14 (d) 15	1M
Which of the following has a line of symmetry? (a) (b) (c) (d)	
19. Assertion: The power of a number says how many times to use the number in a multiplication Reason: $(-7)^3 = -243$ (a) both assertion and reason are correct and reason is correct explanation for assertion (b) both assertion and reason are correct but reason is correct explanation for assertion	1M
(c) assertion is correct but reason is false (d) both assertion and reason are false	11/
20. Assertion: A square pyramid is a two -dimensional geometric shape that has a square base and four triangular bases that are joined at a vertex Reason: 7 edges does a pyramid with square base have. (a) both assertion and reason are correct and reason is correct explanation for assertion (b) both assertion and reason are correct but reason is correct explanation for	1M
assertion (c) assertion is correct but reason is false (d) both assertion and reason are false	

Page **3** of **7**

	Section – B		
	10.000	2M	
21.	An article was sold for Rs 330 with a profit 10%. What was no	2M	
22.	List three rational numbers between $\frac{4}{5}$ and $\frac{5}{6}$. What are the shapes of the shadows obtained when a torchlight is made to	2M	
23.	fall on a conical birthday cap from the top and nom are	2M	
24.	Express each of the following in exponential form: (i) $x \times x \times x \times a \times a \times a \times b \times b \times b$ (ii) $(-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) \times a \times a \times a$, i
25.	Find 12% of 1200	2M	
	Section - C	1 1	
	Answer the following questions	3M	
26.	Find the amount to be paid at the end of 3 yrs if the principal amount is Rs		
	1,200 at10%p.a.	3M	jn J
27.	Solve	JIVI	4.1
	(i) $\frac{7}{8} + \frac{-3}{10}$ (ii) $3\frac{2}{5} + 4\frac{1}{3}$ (iii) $2\frac{3}{5}X4\frac{3}{7}$		100
28.	The adjoining figure shows two circles with the same centre. The radius of	3M	
20.	the larger circle is 10 cm and the radius of the smaller circle is 4 cm. Find		
	the area of the shaded region(Take $\pi = 3.14$)		
	4 cm 19 cm		1 11
29.	Classify into monomial, binomial and trinomial	3M	
	(ii) $z^2 - 3z + 8$ (iii) 5 -3t		
30.	Using laws of exponents, simplify and write the answer in exponential form (i) $2^3 \times 2^4 \times 2^5$ (ii) $5^{12} \div 5^3$ (iii) $(7^2)^3$	3M	
31.	State the number of lines of symmetry for the following figures: (i) An equilateral triangle (ii) An isosceles triangle (iii) A circle (iv) A square (v) A regular hexagon (vi) A rhombus	3M	1 70

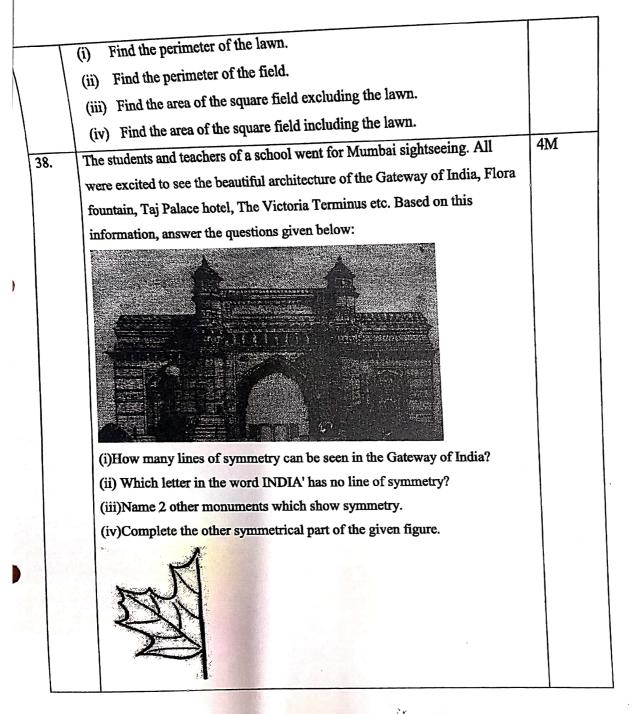
Page 4 of 7

	Section – D	-
	Answer the following questions	
32.	Write the following as rational numbers in their standard forms:	5M
	(a) 35% (b) 1.2 (c) $-6\frac{3}{7}$ (d) $\frac{2}{15}X\frac{6}{12}$ (e) $105 \div 203$	-1_1
33.	(a)Parallelogram ABCD has DC = 7 cm, AM = 4 cm & NC = 4.2 cm.	5M
	(i)Find the area of parallelogram & (ii) Find AD	100 - 12
	A B	, -
	N/:4cm 42 cm	4.7
	D M 70m C	ligen se
	D M 7cm C	, and the same of
	(b) A triangle PQR has $QR = 4$ cm, $PM = 3$ cm & $QN = 3.2$ cm.	
	(i) Find the area of triangle& (ii) Find PR	
	P	
	N	
	3 cm	-,,-
	-3.2 cm	town and so
	Q 4 cm M R	redail e
34.	Find the value of the following expressions at $a = 1$ and $b = -2$:	5M
	(i) $a^2 + b^2 + 3ab$ (ii) $a^3 + a^2b + ab^2 + b^3$	
35.	The transfer of the second of	5M
		The state of
		\mathcal{L}_{i}^{i}
	the second secon	. 4.5
	(i) (ii)	-
	Find the number of edges, vertices and faces of the given figures?	
		=
		100-1
		/

Page **5** of **7**

	Section – E	
	CASE BASED QUESTIONS	4M
pl	he Food Pyramid The food guide pyramid should be kept in mind before anning an ideal menu. Everything on the pyramid is necessary for good	4141
1		art if
S	uppose your lunch consists of rice, chapati, curd, dal, vegetable, an apple	,
. 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4 %
s	erving of pulses, 1 serving of dairy products, 1 serving of fruits and 1	
s	serving of sweets	1
	PYRAMID PATTY A SUGART DAIRY PRODUCTS DAIRY PRODUCTS PROTEIN VEORTABLES PROTEIN STRAINS	
	(i)Suppose you have consumed 25% grains 25% vegetables 10% fruits	
	The state of the s	The February St.
		1 4 1 7 2
		la a
		2
The Food Pyramid The food guide pyramid should be kept in mind before planning an ideal menu. Everything on the pyramid is necessary for good nutrition. Suppose your lunch consists of rice, chapati, curd, dal, vegetable, an appl and one sweet. This means that you have consumed 2 servings of grains, serving of pulses, 1 serving of dairy products, 1 serving of fruits and 1 serving of sweets FOOD PYRAMID PARTY & SUIDAIRY PROTEIN		
17		in 4M
		ε.
		Mile II to Last
	Lawn	

Page 6 of 7



Page 7 of 7



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था **Atomic Energy Education Society**

टर्म-2/वार्षिक परीक्षा 2024-25 Term-II/Annual Examination 2024 - 25

कक्षा /Class : VII विषय /Subject :Science

अवधि/ Duration :3 Hours अधिकतुमअंक/ Maximum Marks :80

General Instructions:

1. The paper consists of five sections A,B,C,D and E.

2. SECTION-A would have 17 MCQs and 03 Assertion-Reasoning type questions carrying 1 mark each.

3.SECTION-B would have 9 Very Short Answer (VSA) type questions 2 marks each

4. SECTION-C would have 8 Short Answer (SA) type questions 3 marks each.

5. SECTION-D would have 2 case based questions 04 marks each.

6.SECTION-E would have 2 Long Answer (LA) type questions 5 marks each.

7.Draw neat and labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

8.All questions are compulsory.

SECTION A

Choose the most appropriate option for the questions given below:

(1x20=20)

1. A burning candle is placed at	a distance of 25 cm in front of	a large plane mirror. The image
of the candle will be:		drama y a sanctificación de la constanción de la

- a) 25cm behind the mirror and virtual
- b) 50cm behind the mirror and real
- c) 10cm behind the mirror and virtual
- d) inside the mirror and real

2. Which of the following is a unisexual flower?

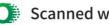
- a) mustard
- b) papaya
- c) hibiscus
- d) rose

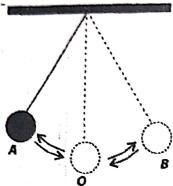
3. The cell that results after the fusion of male and female gamete is called:

- a) embryo
- b) seed coat
- c) zygote
- d) fruit

4. In the given figure the time period of a simple pendulum is the time taken by it to travel from

- a) A to B and back to A.
- b) O to A and A to O
- c) B to A, A to B and B to O.
- d) A to B.





	ò		
5. The basic unit	of speed is:		
a) m/s	b) km/s	c) km/min	d) km/h
6. A car moves v	vith the speed of 40km/h fotes. The total distance cove	or 15 minutes and then	with the speed of 60km/h for
a) 100km	b) 15km	c) 25km	d) 10km
7. Which of the f	following does not work or	the heating effect of	electric current?
a) geyser	b) electric bell	c) hair dryer	d) electric kettle
8. When electric on its:	current is passed through	a conductor, amount o	of heat produced in it depends
a) material	b) length	c) thickness	d) all of these
9. In a circuit MO	CB (miniature circuit break	er) is used to:	
a) get more en	ergy		rom excessive current
c) complete the	e circuit	d) obtain light	
10. Anushka obse within a week	erved that a pond with clear. By which method of rep	r water was covered troduction did the alga	up with green algae (Spirogyra) e spread so rapidly?
a) budding	b) sexual reproduction	c) fragmentation	d) Pollination
the mirrors of	Boojho and Paheli respec	her image erect and s	er. Boojho found his image to be smaller in size. This means that
a) plane mirror	r and concave mirror.		ror and convex mirror.
c) plane mirror	r and convex mirror.	d) convex mirro	or and plane mirror
12. The branchy r	oart of a tree above the ste	m is known as:	
a) canopy	b) crown	c) understorey	d) shrubs

13. Forests have an infi a) water cycle b 14. Which of the follow a) Ozone	luence on: b) air quality ving is not used to di b) Chlorine	c) climatic conditions sinfect water in a sewage c) Nitrogen	d) all of these e treatment plant? d) UV rays
a) Ozone			for action on "Water for
15 Which of the follow	ving was proclaimed	as International Decade	for action on "Water for
Life"? a) 2006-2016	b) 2008-2018	c) 2004-2014	d) 2005-2015
16. A network of big an a) sewers	nd small pipes carryi b) manholes	ng waste water is known c) conducting pipes	as: d) sludge
		1 - Cabo chadow cast	by the sun?
7. Which of the follow a) Simple pendulum	ring is based on the s b) Atomic clock	study of the shadow cast c) Sun dial	d) Quartz clock
Secure stion numbers 1	8 to 20, two stateme	nts are given, one labelle	ed Assertion(A) and the
Of daron names -	•	4 41	tions from codes a), b),

F other labelled Reason(R). Select the correct answer to these questions from codes a), b), c) and d) as given below.

a) Both assertion and reason are true and reason is the correct explanation of the assertion

b) Both assertion and reason are true but reason is not the correct explanation of assertion.

c) Assertion is true and reason is false

d) Assertion is false, but reason is true

18. Assertion (A): Stamen and pistil are male and female reproductive parts of a plant respectively.

Reason (R): After fertilization the ovary becomes fruit and ovule becomes seed.

19. Assertion (A): The various components of the forest are interdependent on one another. Reason(R): The forest keeps on growing and regenerating.

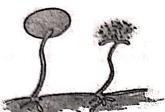
20. Assertion (A): Mirrors used in headlights of cars are concave mirrors. Reason(R):concave mirror and convex mirror are spherical mirrors.

SECTION B

(2x9=18)

21. Identify the organism given in the figure below and write its method of reproduction.



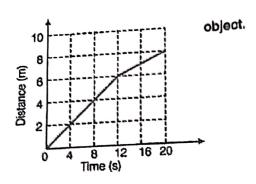


- 22. Boojho walks to his school which is at a distance of 3 km from his home in 30 min. On reaching, he finds that the school is closed and comes back by a bicycle with his friend and reaches home in 20 min. What is his average speed in km/h?
- 23. Write two reasons for flow of excessive current in an electrical circuit.
- 24. An electrician working in your home wants to replace a blown up fuse wire with the piece of copper wire. Would you agree? Give reason for your answer.
- 25. The side mirror of a scooter got broken. The mechanic replaced it with a plane mirror. Has he used the correct mirror? Give reason for your answer.
- 26. Why are forests called green lungs?
- 27. What are decomposers? What is their role in a forest?
- 28. Why should oils and fats not be thrown down the drain?
- 29. Draw diagrams to show a convex and a concave lens.

SECTION-C

(3X8=24)

- 30. a) What is pollination? Write its types?
 - b) Boojho had the parts of a rose plant -a leaf, roots, a stem, a flower and a bud. Which of these can be used to grow a new rose plant?
- 31. Given below as a figure is the distance-time graph of the motion of an object.
 - a) What will be the position of the object at 20 s?
 - b) What will be the distance travelled by the object in 12 s?
 - c) What is the average speed of the object?



- 32. What is an electromagnet? Write its two applications.
- 33. Paheli does not have a night lamp in her room. At night she covered the bulb of her room with a towel to get dim light. Has she taken the right step? Give reasons to justify your answer.
- 34. a) Two different types of lenses are placed on a sheet of newspaper. How will you identify them without touching?
 - b) Give two differences between real image and virtual image.
- 35. What are the consequences of deforestation? (Any three)
- 36.Define food chain. Give an example of a food chain in a grassland.
- 37. a) Why is air pumped in the clarified water obtained after removal of sludge in Waste Water treatment plant?
 - b) Give two uses of sludge extracted during treatment of sewage.

SECTION -D (4X2=8)

- 38. All of us use water in our homes and make it dirty. It is called wastewater. This used water should not be wasted. We must clean it up by removing pollutants. Treatment of wastewater involves physical, chemical, and biological processes, which remove physical, chemical and biological matter that contaminates the wastewater. It is also suggested to plant Eucalyptus trees all along sewage pond.
 - Clean water that is fit for use is unfortunately not available to all. It has been reported that more than one billion of people have no access to safe drinking water. This accounts for a large number of water-related diseases and even deaths.
 - a) What is sewage?

)

- b) Name two water borne diseases.
- c) Explain the first step used in the treatment of waste water in a Waste Water Treatment Plant?

OR

- c) Why is it suggested to plant eucalyptus trees all along sewage pond?
- 39. Rahul had an official meeting in Delhi, so he booked a taxi to travel from Lucknow to Delhi. The taxi driver asked Rahul to come to the nearest pickup point at 6 a.m. When Rahul seated in the taxi, he noticed that the odometer of a car read 13000 km. The road was busy and there was traffic on the road so the motion was not uniform. He reached Delhi in 6 hours. At the end of the trip, he checked that the odometer read 13600 km.
 - a) What is uniform motion?
 - b) What does an odometer measure?
 - c) What was the average speed of the taxi in 6 hours?

OR

c) Draw distance time graph when taxi driver was waiting for Rahul to arrive and his taxi was parked along road side.

SECTION-E

(5X2=10)

- 40. What are the advantages of seed dispersal? Explain three types of seed dispersal with examples.
- 41. a) What is dispersion of light? If red color laser light is incident on a prism how many colours will you observe?
 - b) Write three characteristics of image formed by a plane mirror.

कुल मुद्रित पृष्ठ संख्या/Total No. of printed pages: 6



परमाणु ऊर्जा शिक्षण संस्था Atomic Energy Education Society वार्षिक परीक्षा/ Annual Examination 2024-25

कक्षा /Class: VII

अवधि /Duration :3 Hours

विषय/Subject : SOCIAL STUDIES

अधिकतम अंक/Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

1. This question paper is divided into six sections -A, B, C, D, E and F

Section A (Multiple Choice Questions)

 $(1 \times 20 = 20)$

Section B (Very Short Answer Type Question)

(2 X 4 = 8)

Section C (Short Answer Type Question)

 $(3 \times 5 = 15)$

Section D (Case based Questions)

(4X 3=12)

Section E (Long Answer type Question)

(5 X 4 = 20)

Section F (Map Skill)

(1X 5=5)

2. All questions are compulsory

Section - A

Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

 $(1 \times 20 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 1. Which of the following is an artificial enclosure for keeping small house plants?
- a) Terrarium
- b) Bonsai
- c) Ecosystem
- d) Biosphere
- 2. Which of the following is a Japanese word which means -"Harbour waves"?
- a) Tsunami
- b) sea wave
- c) Ocean Current
- d) Tide
- 3. The region is characterized by extremely high or low temperature and has scarce vegetation-
- a) grassland
- b) Dessert
- c) coastal region
- d) plains
- 4. A division of Gond kingdoms controlled by a particular clan was termed as -
- a) Tanda
- b) clan
- c) ghar

d) khel

Page 1 of 6

5. The Ahom tribes	migrated from-				ch of	"Serines". 7. Erode C.	14 PD
a) Arab	b) Myanmar	c) Iran	d)	China			? ?
6. Who were known a	as the "Rathakaras"?					 \$2	300
a) Soldiers	b) blacksmith	c) carpenters	d) chariot	makers			8
7. What kind of exch	ange took place betwee	en nomadic pastor	alists and settle	d community	?		
a) wool	b) ghee	c) grains	d)	all of the abo	ove		
8. Hagiography mear	ıs -						
a) Writing of Saint's	life	b) writing of kir	g's life				
c) writing of ordinary	people's life	d) Writing of so	ldiers' life				
9 was the famo	ous Gujrati saint of Bha	akti movement.					
a) Eknath	b) Narsi Mehta	c) Sakhu	Bai d) Tukaram			
10. What were the to	otal number of misls be	efore Maharaja Ra	ınjit Singh in Si	kh territory?			
a) 10	b) 12	c) 22	√; d)·6				
11. "Chauth" was	of the land revenue	levied by Marath	as.				
a) 10%	b) 25%	c) 30%	d) 20%				
12. "Namami Ganga"	" is programme is laun	ched to					
a) conserve flora and	fauna	b) combat deser	tification				_
c) mitigate soil erosio	on	d) conserve rive	er Ganga				
13. International Wor	men's Day is observed	d on -					
a) 22 March	b) 9 August	c) 8 March	d) 17 Ap	oril			
14. " Amar Jiban" th	e first known autobiog	raphy by any Ind	ian woman was	written by-			
a) Rashsundari Devi	b) Pandita Ra	amabai	c) Chokamela	d) And	al		
15. Egypt is famous	for growing -	•				•	
a) jute	b) cotton	c) maiz	е	d) lenti	ils		

Page 2 of 6

16. Which of the fol	lowing is an example o	f print media?	
a) Magazines	b) Television	c) Internet	d) Radio
17. Erode Cloth mai	ket is situated in -		
a) Kerala	b) Tamil Nadı	ı c) Odisha	d) Andhra Pradesh
18. Between 10°N to	o 10° S is referred as _	region.	
a) Equatorial	b) Temperate	c) Sub- Tropical	d) Tropical
19. The governmen stores known as -	t buys cloth from the h	andloom weaver's co	operatives and sells it through
a) De-optex	b) Re-optex	c) Co- optex	d) Go-optex
20. Nadir Shah inva	ded and plundered the	city of Delhi in -	
a) 1739	b) 1740	c) 1707	d) 1761
	<u>\$</u>	Section - B	
Very short Answer	based Questions-		$(2 \times 4 = 8 \text{ Marks})$
Or What is "Susu" 22. Who were Naya 23. What is populat	nnaras? Give an exampl		
	<u> </u>	Section - C	
Short Answer base	ed Questions -		$(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ Marks})$
cotton ma	Swapna sell the cotton rket? u understand by the ten	Transport of	stead of selling at the Kurnool edia"?
26. What are th	e climatic conditions of	the Ladakh?	
	F	Page 3 of 6	

27. How the Banjaras were important for the economy?

Or

What kind of exchanges took place between nomadic pastoralists and settled agriculturists?

28. What do you mean by "doctrine of advaita"?

OR

What does mean by "putting out system"?

- 29. Write a short note on
 - a) Censorship
 - b) Maloca

Section - D

Case Based Question -

 $(3 \times 4 = 12 \text{ Marks})$

30. Read the paragraph and answer the following question:

Newspapers, television and radio can reach millions of people because they use certain technologies. We also tend to discuss newspapers and magazines as the print media; and TV and radio as the electronic media. Why do you think newspapers are called print media? As you

read further, you will find that this naming is related to the different technologies that these media use. Changing technology, or machines, and making technology more modern, helps media to reach more people. It also improves the quality of sound and the images that you see. But technology does more than this. It also changes the ways in which we think about our lives. For example, today it is quite difficult for us to think of our lives without television. Television has enabled us to think of ourselves as members of a larger global world.

a) What is Media?

- (1)
- b) Name the different types of Media.
- (2)

- c) Who invented television?
- (1)

31. Read the paragraph and answer the following question:

People of the Rainforests - People grow most of their food in small areas after clearing some trees in the forest. While men hunt and fish along the rivers, women take care of the crops. They mainly grow tapioca, pineapple and sweet potato. As hunting and fishing are uncertain it is the women who keep their families alive by feeding them the vegetables they grow. They

Page 4 of 6

practice "slash and burn agriculture". The staple food is manioe, also known as cassava that grows under the ground like the potato. They also eat queen ants and egg sacs. Cash crops like coffee, maize and cocoa are also grown. The rainforests provide a lot of wood for the houses. Some families live in thatched houses shaped like bechives. There are other large apartment-like houses called "Maloea" with a steeply slanting roof. Life of the people of the Amazon basin is slowly changing. In the older days the heart of the forest, could be reached only by navigating the river. In 1970 the Trans Amazon highway made all parts of the rainforest accessible.

Aircrafts and helicopters are also used for reaching various places. The indigenous population was pushed out from the area and forced to settle in new areas where they continued to practice their distinctive way of farming.

- a) What are the crops grown by the people of amazon rainforest? (1)
- b) What do you understand by "Slash and Burn agriculture"? (2)
- c) What are the staple food of the people of Amazon rainforest. ? (1)
- 32. Read the paragraph and answer the following question:

Some of them like Kabir and Baba Guru Nanak rejected all orthodox religions. Others like Tulsidas and Surdas accepted existing beliefs and practices but wanted to make these accessible to all. Tulsidas conceived of God in the form of Rama. Tulsidas's composition, the Ramcharitmanas, written in Awadhi (a language used in eastern Uttar Pradesh), is important both as an expression of his devotion and as a literary work. Surdas was an ardent devotee of Krishna. His compositions, compiled in Surasagar ,Surasaravali and Sahitya Lahri express his devotion. Also contemporary was Shankradeva from Assam who emphasised devotion to Vishnu, and composed poems and plays in Assamese. He began the practice of setting up namghars or houses of recitation and prayer, a practice that continues to date.

a)	Who has compose	d the	Ramcharitmanas?	(1	.)	į
----	-----------------	-------	-----------------	----	----	---

- b) What were the major teachings of Kabir? (2)
- c) What is namphars? (1)

Section - E

Long Answer Questions -

 $(5 \times 4 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

- 33. "The media set the agenda". What kind of effect does this have in a democracy? Provide two examples to support your point of view.
- 34. What are tides? What are the different types of tides? Explain with a diagram.

Or

In what ways media play an important role in a democracy?

Page 5 of 6

35. "The products in weekly market are cheaper". Give reasons.

Or

How was the administration of Ahom state organised?

36. What is water cycle? Explain with a diagram.

Section - F

- 37. Mark the following in the outline of India map- (5x1=5)
- a) Birth place of Ramanuja
- b) region where chero tribes emerged in 12 th century.
- c) Any one city located along the river Ganga.
- d) Awadh
- e) Ajmer
